

Semana da Escola de Engenharia October 24 - 27, 2011

APPLICATTION OF FUNCTIONAL TEXTILES IN HEALTHCARE AREA

Paulo Jorge Pinto Rodrigues and Fernando Nunes Ferreira Department of Textile Engineering E-mail: pjpr59@clix.pt

INTRODUCTION

The use of multifunctional textile materials for health applications begins to show a great development, particularly in pathologies associated with skin.

The development of new products combining appropriate structures and finishing treatments, using for example, the proven technology of micro and nano encapsulation to promote gradual release of active ingredients such as moisturizers, therapeutic oils, or others, from the clothing to the skin so they can be absorbed, presents a great potential.

The socks are a type of textile garments in perfect contact with the skin. The skin is an organ that has the important function of protecting the body, is an important route of drug administration and the permeation of the stratum corneum, the outermost barrier of the skin, is a challenge to dermatological and transdermal treatment.

Various substances can be applied to the skin for therapeutic purposes, targeting in different layers of the skin and may exert different mechanisms of action, given the complexity and variety of organ functions.

This work is focused to investigate and develop therapeutic socks to prevent and treat different pathologies of the feet, including: # Venous Insufficiency # Diabetic foot # Tinea Pedis ("Athlete's foot")

Diabetic foot – Research:

The socks developed for this pathology have a special textile composition with organic cotton and crabyon fiber.

All socks are seamless to give comfort, and they have an innovative design and a knitting construction structure consisting of a white color in sole with plush ("terry") in toes and heels to show easily blood stains and to cushion the feet, helping to reduce shock and friction at the sock/foot interface. No knitting compressibility is allowed. All socks were submitted to a functionalization moisturizer agent.

All patients recruited will use a special socks pack and they will be properly assessed for monitoring, control and validation features to will be achieved in order to know the results.

The following tests will be performed: I - Determination of inflammation parameters. II - Evaluation of physical-chemical parameters of the skin by skin biometrics.



Venous Insufficiency – Research:

The socks composition developed for this pathology will be organic cotton and elastane fiber.

All socks are seamless to give comfort, and they have an important knitting structure construction consisting in different elasticity of the knitting along the foot and leg in order to have different levels of compressibility, according to the anthropometric survey of the foot and leg of each patient.



Semana da Escola de Engenharia October 24 - 27, 2011

All socks are knee-high. All socks were submitted to a funcionalization moisturizer and refreshing agent.

All patients recruited will use a special socks pack and they will be properly assessed for monitoring, control and validation features.

The following tests will be performed:

I - Evaluation of physical-chemical parameters of the skin by skin biometrics.

II – Area of Cardiology - Venous plethysmography (detection of reflux) and distal pulses.



Tinea Pedis (Athlectic foot") - Research:

The socks developed for this pathology have a textile composition with organic cotton and Dri Release fiber. All socks are seamless to give comfort, and they have an important knitting structure construction consisting in double-layer knitting structure construction. Inside, Dri Release PES with Amicor Plus, and in exterior, organic cotton.

All socks were submitted to a funcionalization agent with antifungal, antibacterial and anti-inflammatory properties.

All patients recruited will use a special socks pack and they be properly assessed for monitoring, control and validation features.

The following tests will be performed:

I - Determination of inflammation parameters.

II - Evaluation of physical-chemical parameters of the skin

III - Evaluation of clinical signs and symptomsIV - Laboratory evaluation. To guaranty no dermatophyte growth in culture.



ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The authors are grateful for the financial support from Fiorima company, and the help from Citeve labs, Cespu Podology department and from the Portuguese Association of Podology.

We thank all Patients and Podologist's, therapists and doctors who are participating in this study.

AUTHOR' BIOGRAPHY



PAULO JORGE PINTO RODRIGUES was born in Braga, Portugal and went to the University of Minho, where he studied textile engineering and obtained his degree in 1990. He worked during 17 years for Orfama where he was general manager, before moving in 2007 to Fiorima where he

is now industrial manager and leading a R&D group. Presently he is a PhD student at textile engineering department at University of Minho. He is the author of an international patent register. He is a senior member, board member and textile expert at Ordem dos Engenheiros in Portugal. He has a graduate degree (2010) in "Management of Health Units" at North Institute of Health Sciences (CESPU). His e-mail address is : pjpr59@gmail.com